Said Kellogg on his Busting Bee: This difference I show
Twiat dee John D. and dum John D., (By legal process slow)-

The tall John can't remember; The short John doesn't know. The most noticeable material difference etween the answers on cross-examinaton of John D. Rockefeller and John D. Arch hold in the Government's Standard Oil hearing lies in the methods chosen for reaching the same end. The Government wants information. Mr. Archbold's

concerns Mr. Archbold was without knowledge. Were there records? Undoubtedly there were once; whether they existed still was beyond Mr. Archbold's knowledge. Were purchased refineries dismantled? They were "consolidated" with existing Standard refineries. Yes. the consolidation sometimes took the form of tearing down old things and building up others. The only reason for the purchases that Mr. Archbold knew was to "get the volume of their business."

Incidentally there was compiled yesterday, for the first time on so complete a scale, a list of the concerns owned directly or controlled indirectly by the Standard; list made from the defence's exhibits and the Government's researches and developments in the present inquiry. This list may be found below.

Mr. Archbold was confronted toward the close of the day with his own testimony, given in 1879, in which he swore then that the Acme Oil Company of New ork was not owned or controlled by the Standard, though he had sworn yesterin 1874 and had taken in payment stock of the Standard Oil Company of Ohio. John D. Rockefeller had sworn last week when the same testimony was called to his attention that he did not know what was in the minds of his associates when they gave testimony on that occasion. but presumed they thought that the shareholders in the Acme controlled that company. John D. Archbold said yesterday that if he so testified in 1879 it was because he so believed in 1879. He had been advised by counsel at the time, he said, that the legal ownership vested in the shareholders of the Acme, and had so sworn

Mr. Archbold placed himself equally in the hands of his counsel yesterday. several times when Mr. Kellogg asked him if he would produce certain data desired by the Government saving that he would consult counsel and do as they advised. "Devised," said somebody irrelevantly, Mr. Archbold's cross-examination was not concluded.

On direct examination vesterday morning Mr. Archbold told what went to make up the capital stock of the Standard Oil ompany of New Jersey and the Standard Company Oil of New York. Coming to the liquidation of the trust of 1882 he said that while the principal trust certificate holders made their transfers as soon as possible it was not so with the smaller ones, who had some of the certificates

outstanding as late as in the '90s.
"A great body of certificate holders,"
he said, "received merely an assignment he said, received merely an assignment of legal interest, because their holdings were so small that had they received the shares of stock to which they were entitled it would have been too insignificant to have had a market value. The trust certificates had a market value; there was not a similar market value for the stocks of the subsidiary companies." On the cross-examination, in which

On the cross-examination, in which Mr. Kellogg went outside of the subjects of the direct examination, as had been allowed, according to testimony given by Anthony N. Brady, for that Chicago contract.

On the cross-examination, in which Mr. Kellogg went outside of the subject of such a contract of the Standard Oil Company of Ohio with the People's Gas Light and Coke Company of Chicago. When the Chicago concern, which later became a part of the Manhattan Oil Company, was sold to the General Industrial Development Syndicate, Ltd., of London, \$1,300,000 had been allowed, according to testimony given by Anthony N. Brady, for that Chicago contract.

that Chicago contract.

Mr. Archbold had met Mr. Brady, but couldn't tell much about it. Mr. Kellogg wanted to know if the Standard was not Rheinische Petrol. Actien Gesellschaft. getting for oil, for gas purposes, here in New York about four and two-third cents a gallon. Mr. Archbold did not know. It did not get into evidence, but Mr. Kellogg said that the Brady contract for which \$1,300,000 was allowed provided for cil for the gas company. provided for oil for the gas company in Chicago at about one and three-fourth cents a gallon.

Q. Isn't it a fact that the Standard Oil Company owns and organized the General Industrial Syndicate, Ltd.? A. Not to my

Q. The London Commercial Trading and Investment Company? A. Not to my knowledge.

Mr Rosenthal objected to this line of inquiry and said with pointed emphasis that "counsel could have but one object in pursuing that line of questioning, and that an object not having to do with any legal aspect of this inquiry."

"My object." Mr. Kellogg retorted.

"is to find out what secret companies the Standard Oil owns and operates in

these States." Q. Wasn't the Security Oil Company established by James MacDonald by money

oaned him by the Anglo-American Oil ompany? A. Not to my knowledge. Q. Does the Standard Oil Company own. entrol or have any interest in the Security Oll Company of Texas? A. Not to my

Q. The Standard buys all of its oil? A. that I know of. We buy some of it. O. Why was the ownership of the Cor-cana Refining Company of Texas by the Societa Meridionale pel Comational Transit Company kept a secret?
I do not know, or that it was.

Q. Why was the Waters-Pierce Company's nership kept secret? A. I was not aware at it was kept secret.

On advice of counsel part of that con-crn's stock, he said, had some years test been held in the names of certain andividuals, Charles M. Pratt and M. M. an Buren. Mr. Van Buren is Mr. Arch-old's son-in-law.

Was this so that you could deny the nership? A. I do not think so.

Mr. Kellogg went at some length into the difficulties encountered by the Tidewater Pipe Company before its working many with the Standard and the United State of New Jersey, but Mr. Archestate the Tidewater company had show that the Tidewater company had some of the standard Oil Co. of New Jersey.

Total Standard Oil Co. of New Jersey.

98.338.300

Of course to a certain extent the capital stock of the Standard Oil Company of New Jersey represents a repetition of some of the subsidiary companies.

## HIS ANSWER TO MANY QUES- Hanan Shoes

have become best known by the wearer's habit of recommending them to his friends.

THREE
BROADWAY at Pulton Street
at Canal Street
at Canal Street
N BROOKLYN; 390 Fulton St. (near Smith

that the Standard entered into an agreement wants information. 'Mr. Archbold's knowledge of the company's history on direct examination was almost minute, as Mr. Rosenthal had half promised it should be when Mr. Kellogg had sought for precise information on certain points from Mr. Rockefeller. On his cross-examination, which began yesterday, Mr. Archbold rarely impugned his own memory or powers of recollection as Mr. Rockefeller had done. But the things he didn't know were many.

He told Mr. Rosenthal all about why it took so long to liquidate the old Standard trust, holders of fractional interests being afraid to accept merely a piece of paper as representing their rights in the whole property. When Mr. Kellogg wanted to know details of the purchase of various concerns Mr. Archbold was without Company a "pure, unadulterated, re-strictive trust."

Q. Restrictive as to the Standard? A Restrictive in every way.

As to whether up to 1883 the Standard had bought up and dismantled more than fifty refineries he couldn't say. Some had been bought and extinguished since

then.
Mr. Kellogg sought to get at a list of all companies or concerns which had bought up and dismantled, as well the active concerns owned or controlled by the company. Only the latter list has been available. Mr Archbold said that he would discuss the matter with his counsel and be so guided.

STANDARD OIL COMPANIES. Most Complete List of the Trust's Hold-

ings Ever Published. The following list of companes controlled by the Standard Oil Company of New Jersey, the most complete list of the kind ever made available for public inspection, was compiled yesterday from the exhibits made by the defence in the day that he had sold his Acme holdings present proceedings and from the Gov-

ernment's delvings:	Art man distant	200
I. COMPANIES WHOSE STOCK IS		RECT
BY THE STANDARD OF	STATE OF THE PARTY	
Jank to make the control of	Capital Ou	er co
Name.	Stock. Sto	ndo
Anglo American Oil Co., Ltd.	\$5,000,000	10
Atlantic Renning Co	5,000,000	10
Bedford Petroleum Co	200,000	8
Buckeye Pine Line Co	10,000,000	10
Borne-Scrymser Co.  Buckeye Pipe Line Co.  Carter Oil Co.  Chesebrough Mig Co.  Continental Oil Co.  Colonial Oil Co.  Crescent Pipe Line Co.	2,000,000	10
Chesebrough Mig Co	500,000	10
Continental Oll Co	300,000	
Colonial Oll Co	3,000,000	10
Clarksburg Light & Heat Co Deutsch-Amerikanische Pe-	100,000	. 5
Deutsch-Amerikanische Pe-	237.715 July 1	
troleum Gesellschaft	2,250,000	10
Deutsch-Amerikanische Pe-		
troleum Gesellschaft (sbare warrants)	5,250,000	
Empire Refining Co.	100,000	997
Empreza Industrial de Pe-	THE WOLVE	
Eureka Pipe Line Co	500,000	. 7
Eureka Pipe Line Co	8,000,000	10
Gilbert & Barker Mfg Co	40,000	10
Galena Signal Oil Co pfd	2,000,000	7
Galena-Signal Oll Co com	8,000,000	. 7
Hazelwood Oil Co	100.000	
Indiana Pine Line Co	1.000,000 200,000	10
Interstate Coeperage Co	200,000	10
Lawrence Natural Gas Co	450,000 150,000	10
Gilbert & Barker Mfg Co. Galena Signal Oli Co ptd. Galena Signal Oli Co com. Hazelwood Oli Co. Hope Natural Gas Co. Indiana Pipe Line Co. Interstate Cooperage Co. Lawrence Natural Gas Co. Matoning Gas Fuel Co. Marion Oli Co. Mountain State Gas Co.	150,000	- 9
Marion Oil Co	100,000	10
Mountain State Gas Co National Transit Co New York Transit Co	25, 455, 200	.91
New York Transit Co	8,000,000	10
Northern Pipe Line Co	4,000,000	10
Northwestern Ohio Natural	9 177 940	5
Gas Co	2,775,250 10,000,000	្ន
Ohlo Oll Co People's Natural Gas Co	1,000,000	100
Pennsylvania Lubricating Co.	50,000	0
Pittshurg Natural Gas Co	310,000	10
Romano-Americana Reserve Gas Co	2,500,000	100
Reserve Gas Co	2,225,000 80,000	100
Raffinerie Française River Gas Co. Solar Refining Co. Southern Pipe Line Co.	190,000	5
Solar Refining Co	500,000	- 91
Southern Pipe Line Co	10,000,000	100
South Penn Oll Co South West Pennsylvania Pipe	2,500,000	100
Lines	8,500,000	100
Standard Oil Co., California.	17,000,000	96
Standard Oil Co., Indiana Standard Oil Co., Iowa	1,000,000	96
Standard Oil Co., lowa	1,000,000	100
Standard Oil Co., Kansas	1,000,000	96
Standard Oil Co., Iowa Standard Oil Co., Kansas Standard Oil Co., Nebraska Standard Oil Co., New York. Standard Oil Co., New York.	600,000	- 96
Standard Off Co., New York	15,000.000 3,500,000	100
Standard Oil Co., Ohio	3,500,000	- 96
Swan a Finch Co	25,000	300
Underhay Oil Co	8,500,000	90
Vacuum Oli Co	2,500,000	100
Vacuum Oli Co	400,000	0
West India Off Refining Co	300,000	56

II. COMPANIES WEGSE STOCK IS OWNED PRIMAR-ILY BY SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES. 12,000

250 elischaft. Street Tank Wagon Business-Duren. Actien Gesellschaft Atlantic. American Petroleum Co. American Petroleum Co.

Imperial Oil Co. Ltd.
Det Danske Petroleums Aktieselskab.
Tidewater Oil Co
Tank Storage and Carriage
Co. Ltd. pfd.
Tank Storage and Carriage
Co. Ltd. ordinary
Societa Italo-Americana pel
Petrolio 756,000 31

Aktleselskabet Ostlandske Petrol. Cle
Krooks Petrol. and Olje Aktiebolag.
Skanska Petroleums Aktiebolaget.
Svenska Petroleums Aktiebolaget.
Sydvenska Petroleums Aktiebolaget.
Vestkustens Petroleums Aktiebolag.
Koenigsberger Handels Compagnie. 177.500 Petroleum Import Compag-80,000 nie..... Schweizerische Petroleum Handels Gesellschaft...... Handels Gesellschaft
Societé Anonyme Petroles
Wachs. & Flossner Petrol.
Gesellschaft.
Westphalische Petroleum Gesellschaft.
S. T. Baker Oli Co.
Galena Oli Co.—Société Anonyme Francaise 25,000

60

Galena Oil Co.—Societé Ano-nyme Française...
Queen City Oil Co., Ltd.
Connecting Gas Co.
Cumberland Pipe Line Co.
East Ohlo Gas Co.
Franklin Pipe Line Co.
New Domain Oil and Gas Co.
Prairie Oil and Gas Co.
St. Paul Petroleum Tanks
(Lim.)

Societa Meridionale pel Com-mercio del Petrollo. Societa per gli Oli Minerali. Societa Tunislenne des Pe-troles. International Oli Co., Ltd... Vacuum Oli Co., Proprietary Limited. Vacuum Oli Co., Reszveny-tarsasse. Limited.
Vacuum Oil Co., Reszvenytarsasag
Vacuum Oil Co., Limited.
Vacuum Oil Co.—Societé Anonyme Française.
Deutsch-Vacuum Oil Co.
Vacuum Oil Co.—Societa Anonyme Italiana
Vacuum Oil Co.—Aktieboiag
Taylorstown Natural Gas Co.

Total. \$229,963,195 Standard Oll Co. of New 95,338,300

TAFT HEARS THAT SPEARER REALLY WILL BE GOOD.

Next the Two Will Work Out the Details of a Progressive Campaign in Wastington-House Rules May Even Be Changed With Cannon's Approval.

Hor Springs, Va., Dec. 1.-The threatened fight by Mr. Taft against the reelection of Joseph G. Cannon as Speaker is off, provided Mr. Cannon himself stands by the assurances that his friends have given. Mr. Taft has been assured that Cannon and the present regime in the House are ready not only to consent to s revision of the tariff that will square with the Taft pledges on the stump but also to put through the rest of the Taft programme of progressive legislation.

In other words, Mr. Taft has accomolished in a little over two weeks just what he started out to accomplish and he is ready now to accede to the reelection

of the Speaker. The details of Mr. Taft's understanding with the Cannon people will not be worked out until he goes to Washington next reck. There is strong probability, however, that the assurances of Mr. Cannon's friends will be supplemented within a day or two by a direct message from the Speaker himself. Congressman William B. McKinley of Illinois will be here on Friday. He is undoubtedly coming as an emissary from the Speaker to pave the way for the conference between Mr. Taft and Mr. Cannon in Washington.

Mr. McKinley is chairman of the Republican Congressional district. He managed the Cannon Presidential boom and has for years been one of the Speaker's closest friends. Nobody here doubts that Mr. McKinley, speaking for Cannon, will add his assurances to those that have already come from the Speaker's close friends.

Persons familiar with Mr. Taft's views have declared from the start that his threatened intervention in the Speakership situation involved no consideration of personalities. All Mr. Taft wanted was definite assurance that the Speaker and his supporters in the House would play fair on the tariff and that no obstacles would be put in the way of progressive legislation which Mr. Taft had outlined in his speech of acceptance and to which the Republican party stands committed. That he has got now, provided the Speaker will stand by the pledges that his supporters have made.

"The President elect," said one of Mr. Taft's friends to-day, "has got the situation now just where he wants it. Speaker Cannon and his friends know now that the country is behind Mr. Taft in his determination to make good his pledges, and they are ready to fall in behind the new Administration. That is all Mr. Taft has ever asked and he would be foolish to think of undertaking a fight on the Speakership under any other circumstances.

cumstances."

In what manner the Cannon assurances came to Mr. Taft is uncertain at this time. It may be that National Chairman Frank H. Hitchcock himself brought the word from the Cannon people. He was commissioned by Mr. Taft to look into the Speakership situation, and be appeared at Hot Springs a little later firmly impressed with the idea that there would be no fight.

that every citizen is entitled to be tried by a jury of his peers. We are undoubtedly citizens, but are men our peers?"

"Yes, of course," "No," "Why. not exactly." "Certainly not," chorused the William Lloyd Garrison Equal Rights
Association.

"They are not," supplemented Mrs.

James S. Sherman brought Mr. Taft James S. Sherman brought Mr. Taft assurances two weeks ago of Cannon's desire to cooperate with the new Administration, but Mr. Taft apparently was not impressed with the way in which the Ways and Means Committee of the House was going at the tariff revision. The interest Mr. Taft began to manifest in the Speakership question improved conditions considerably in that quarter, and there was also a noticeable change in the tenor of the remarks which Speaker Cannon had to make on the subject of tariff revision.

tariff revision.

The Taft progressive programme includes, besides tariff revision, legislation looking toward the prevention of the overissuing of railroad stocks and bonds, also legislation providing for the enlargement of the machinery to carry out the Received revisions already energed into t policies already enacted into law and for an increase in the staff of the Department of Justice, with a view to the more effective prosecution of violations of interstate commerce acts.

The falling in of Cannon and his friends behind the Taft programme does not mean, however, that there may not be changes in the rules of the House giving the members greater freedom. It is known that Mr. Taft is strongly in sympathy with the movement that has already been started in that direction. Reliable information has been received here. stormation has been received here that the present régime in the House may itself be willing to concede some changes in the rules in the hope of heading off

any radical movement.

Col. Robt. M. Thompson of New York was Mr. Taft's only visitor to-day. Col. Thompson has been indorsed by the New York Alumni Association of the Naval Academy for Secretary of the Naval Academy for Secretary of the Navy. He denied to-day, however, that he is a candidate for the place, and Mr. Taft said that their conference had to do merely with some technical naval suggestions which Col. Thompson was interested in.

Mr. Taft and Senater Jonathan Bourne,

Jr., played golf again to-day with the two members of the Canadian Parliament who are here. Canada did better this time, but the Taft-Bourne alliance beat them 3 up on the eighteen holes.

OFFICIAL PLURALITIES.

This County Gave Bryan 5.318 and Chanler 49,234.

The New York county canvassers announced yesterday the official count of the November vote, changing no results. The total vote for Governor was substanced by the county of the November 122 021. Chapter 123 2021 Chapter 123 202 351,009; Hughes, 132,091; Chanler, 181,325; Shearn, 17,919; Wauhope, 14,352.

Shearn, 17,919; Wauhope, 14,352.

National and State ticket pluvalities, all Dem.; Bryan, 5,318; Chanler, 49,234; Dix, 30,017; Whalen, 31,867; Glynn, 43,061; Hauser, 37,484; Palmer 34,489; Farley, 34,559.

Supreme Court: Lehman, Dem., 25,228, Congress: Riordan, Dem., 9,405; Goldfogle, Dem., 3,711 (over Hillquit, Socialist, who had 2,483 votes); Sulzer, Dem., 5,091; Fornes, Dem., 8,987; Conry, Dem., 8,667; Parsons, Rep., 2,728; Willett, Dem., 3,339; Olcott, Rep., 18,221; Harrison, Dem., 6,733; Bennet, Rep., 8,227; Goulden, Dem., 9,979.

Senate: C. D. Sullivan, Dem., 6,786; T. D. Sullivan, Dem., 5,128; Caffrey, Dem., 7,407; McManus, Dem., 4,230; Wagner, Dem., 6,880; Agnew, Rep., 4,681; Brough, Rep., 5,637; Newcomb, Rep., 5,140; Frawley, Dem., 2,839; Stillwell, Dem., 4,276; Schultz, Dem., 4,756.

FOR DIRECT NOMINATIONS. Republican Managers in Brooklyn to

Draft a Bill. Chairman Jacob Brenner of the Republican executive committee in Brooklyn announced yesterday that Messrs. Kracke, Caton, Vaas, Livingston and Franklin had been appointed as a special committee to confer on the drafting of a

bill on direct nominations.

Mr. Brenner said that they were all in favor of mandatory direct nominations for all parties and that they were aiming to draft a bill eliminating all the defects disclosed by similar laws in other States. They want, he said, to give Gov. Hughes all the help in their power in carrying out the proposed reform in the election laws. bill on direct nominations.

Ivins to Talk Charter With Governor.

ALBANY, Dec. 1 .- William M. Ivins is to have a talk with Gov. Hughes before the final meeting of the New York City Charter Revision Commission, which is to report a revised Charter to the Legis-lature in January. Mr. Ivins will come to Albany on Saturday and remain over night with Gov. Hughes at the Executive Mansion. Park & Tilford

THE STREET WHITE STREET WHITE STREET STREET, STREET STREET, ST

WINVITE ATTENTION TO THEIR TEAS

Best in Quality, Best in Value. 1/2 lb. packages 23c, and upwards

Wines and Groceries Lowest Prices for Value and Quality. Only Standard Brands and Full Weight,

WOMEN JURORS FOR WOMEN

AN EQUAL RIGHTS ASSOCIATION LOOKS INTO THE SCHEME,

Which Is Based on the Constitutional Provision That Every One Is Entitled to a Jury of His Peers-Puzzling Questions Asked by Some Doubters.

The William Lloyd Garrison Equal Rights Association at a meeting held yesterday afternoon at the residence of Mrs. Henry Villard, 145 West Fifty-eighth street, decided to investigate the desirability of having juries of women for women accused of crime.

An informal talk by Miss Maud Miner probation officer in the night court, led Mrs. L. de M. Weiss to ask what was the proportion of women criminals to the whole number of those who were charged with offences which necessitated a trial by jury. Miss Miner didn't know, and another woman, who is connected with the Prison Reform Association, said that there were no statistics on the subject.

Mrs. Weiss said it was easy to draw the conclusion from things that Miss Miner had told them that women were greatly discriminated against in the courts and she thought that one way to give them a fairer deal would be to have them tried by juries composed of members of their own sex.

"I know all about the law, and of course have sense enough to know that they won't let us have women juries. My idea is that we should simply demand of the courts that they should supply women jurors for women and let their refusal show how unfairly we are being treated." "But," asked a sheathed gowned, pic-ture hatted young woman, "don't you

think that men are ever so much nicer to women than women are?" Several half suppressed giggles and ew murmurs of protest followed, but

Mrs. Weiss did not even smile. "That is a mooted question," she replied with dignity, "but we need not discuss it, because it has no bearing whatever upon the point. The Constitution says that every citizen is entitled to be tried

"They are not," supplemented Mrs. Weiss. "The Magna Charta made it plain several hundred years ago what was to be understood by peers. Peers are those who have the same social and political status. They don't in England allow the House of Lords to try an embezzling bank clerk; nor is it the custom for a duke accused of murder to be tried for a duke accused of murder to be tried by a jury of green grocers and plumbers. We haven't the same sort of social distinctions in this country, but men are certainly not our peers in any sense, because they haven't the same political status. They can vote and we can't."

"Some one has just asked me." Mrs. Weiss said later, "whether if I myself were involved in some sort of a civil suit I would like to take my chances with a jury of women. I most assuredly would; because I believe that the class of women who would take up jury duty would be

"As for the idea that women are inclined to be unfair to women, that is simply one of the mistaken notions engendered by men, who, you must remember, have had until a few years ago entire control of platforms, the press and all other avenues of distributing theories to the public. I do not believe that there

to the public. I do not believe that there is a lack of loyalty among women. At any rate I for one am willing to take the risk in regard to this matter."

"But," ventured the young woman in the sheath gown, "suppose that a man was suing a woman for something, or a woman was suing a man, who would be peers then? It seems awfully puzzling to me, but I suppose you could have six peers of each kind."

"A motion for the appointment of a committee is now in order," said the

committee is now in order," said the

president hastily.
Some one made the motion, and the president appointed a committee of three, with Mrs. Weiss as chairman. One of the committee said she wasn't sure whether she was in favor of women jurors, but the president said that that didn't matter in the least, as the committee was merely

an investigating one.
Mrs. Frederick Nathan, who was among
the guests, remarked as the meeting broke

A low area moving out the St. Lawrence Valley and another barely apparent on the Pacific Coastwere the only depressions of record yester-day. The entire country was given over to an area of high pressure central over the Dakotas and eastern Montana and carrying with it cold wave which lowered temperatures eastward to western New York and Pennsylvania and south to the middle and west Gulf coasts. Freesing weather reached the lower Lakes and covere New Mexico and northern Texas, and it was belousero in Montana, North Dakota and Minnesota. The lowest reported temperature was 10 de grees below zero at Bismarck, N. D. In the upper Lake regions and middle Mississippi the temperatures fell 30 to 38 degrees.

It was warmer in the east Gulf and all the

Atlantic States. There was snow in the Lake regions and some points in the northern Rocky Mountains and rain in the upper Tennessee Valley; elsewhere the weather was generally fair.

In this city the early morning was cloudy: fair during the day; warmer; wind, brisk westerly; average humidity, 66 per cent.; barometer, con

The temperature yesterday, as recorded by the table:

9 A. M. . . 59\* 12 M. . . . 62\* 3 P. M. . . 63\* WASHINGTON PORECAST FOR TO-DAY AND TO

For eastern New York, eastern Pennsylvania colder to-day: moderate northwesterly winds. For New England, fair to-day and to-morrow;

For western New York, fair to-day, with colder

FRANCIS JOSEPH FOR PEACE

EMPEROR TAKES BALKAN SIT-UATION IN HAND.

Austrian Fereign Minister May Besign -Ambassader at Constantinopi Make New Proposals-Boycott May End Then-Hope for a Conference.

Special Cable Despaiches to TRE SUN.
VIENNA, Dec. 1.—Count Andreasey, Hungarian Minister of the Interior, who had a long audience with the Emperor Francis Joseph yesterday, seems to have been largely responsible for to-day's rumor of Count von Aerenthal's retirement as Austrian Minister of Foreign Affairs. The rumor cannot be confirmed and the fact that the Emperor conferred the Grand Cross of St. Stephen, the highest Austrian order, upon Count von Aerenthal to-day does not suggest his dismissal.

At the same time there are indications that Count von Aerenthal's control of the country's policy is weakening. It is stated that the Austro-Russian negotiations for a conference are harnonious, while the postponement of the Austrain Ambassador's departure from Constantinople is very significant. It is known that the Emperor is distressed and alarmed at the position to which Count von Aerenthal's lead has brought the country, and it would not create great surprise if Francis Joseph's opposition led the Minister to retire voluntarily. This at any rate is the view

widely held here to-day. There is a report in political quarters that the Emperor received on Sunday one of the highest military officials, who in the course of their conversation suggested the possibility of a bellicose de-

velopment of the situation. "Don't mention a word about war!" exclaimed the Emperor earnestly. "I cannot believe it will come to that. I will not believe it."

Similar utterances in the course of the

last few days are attributed to the Emperor, and upon them hope is being built. In the meanwhile the Emperor is the centre of an immense popular ovation. Probably no sovereign in Europe is better beloved, speaking generally, and the sympathy of his subjects goes out whole eartedly to the aged man bowed with troubles, who amid the festivities of the city and country in connection with his own jubilee has spent the most recent days in his private apartments with brooding care for his companion watching with dread the ever darkening clouds over the Balkans.

LONDON, Dec. 1 .- The rumor that Count von Aerenthal, the Austro-Hungarian Minister of Foreign Affairs, has resigned, which gained currency on the Stock Exchange shortly before the closing hour to-day, proved too good to be true, but to-night's despatches from Vienna and elsewhere make it quite clear that his position has been seriously shaken, and whether he retires or not seems to be still

an open question, There are also encouraging signs of improvement in the international situation. One of these is the announcement that the Marquis Pallavicini, Austro-Hungarian Ambassador to Turkey, will not quit Constantinople at present. This denotes that Austria has realized that she cannot carry matters with a high hand so easily as she seems to have expected, and that

she has resolved to try conciliation. The interpretation generally put on the changed attitude is that the Emperor Francis Joseph has become seriously alarmed at the turn matters have taken It is declared that he complains his advisers misled him by representing that the annexation of Bosnia and Herzegovina would not excite serious opposition in Europe, whereas it has actually created a grave strain in the relations of Austria, not only with all her neighbors except Germany but with other old

friends such as England. The aged monarch, it is stated, is espe because I believe that the class of women who would take up jury duty would be of the very highest; that is, they would be women who would do it purely from altruistic motives. Jury duty is not by any means a pleasant thing, and the women who were not honestly interested in the cause of women's rights would try to squirm out of it just as the men do.

"As for the idea that women are inclined to be unfair to women, that is reason to believe that the Emperor has successfully exerted his influence toward

relaxing the tension. St. Petersburg, Dec. 1.—Sensational stories are published here to the effect that a turning point has been reached in the political crisis, that the policy of the Austrian Foreign Minister has been definitely abandoned, and that his resignation is impending. It is further stated that the Austrian Ambassador here is about to be replaced, and that a conference to consider the Balkan question has been

definitely agreed upon. The statements have made a great impression in political quarters. They are, however, impossible to verify. The Austrian Ambassador met questions with polite professions of ignorance, and Russian officials say nothing. Nevertheless the belief is growing in diplomatic circles that the situation is distinctly improving CONSTANTINOPLE, Dec. 1.—The Marquis

Pallavicini, the Austro-Hungarian Ambassador; visited Grand Vizier Kiamil Pasha and Foreign Minister Tewfik Pasha to-day and notified them that he had received instructions to make certain proposals toward arranging an understanding in regard to Bosnia and Herzegovina. He promised to submit these in a day or two. Kiamil Pasha thereupon assured him

overcome the difficulties caused by the refusal of the custom house porters to handle Austrian freight.

that he was convinced he would shortly

WILD MEN OF DUTCH GUIANA. Suriname River Sources Also Full of Unseared Jaguars.

Lieut. R. H. Wymans of the Holland Geographical Society, who has been exploring the Suriname River in Dutch Guiana, arrived yesterday by the Royal Dutch West India steamship Suriname. He said that he and his party were the first white men that ever have been to the headwaters of the river and that he has made the first correct chart of it and some of the country adjoining. The natives of the brush along the river are among the wildest and most uncivilized in the world. Their ancestors were, however, originally semi-civilized before they took to the brush from white settlements. They speak a jargon that is a mingling of French, Portuguese and English. Al-though wild they are not courageous and were frightened by the whites. Jaguars swarm all over the newly explored terri-tory and don't know enough to run when shot at.

Revenue From Hunters' Licenses

ALBANY, Dec. 1 .- The receipts from the hunters' license law to November 1, with five counties yet to hear from, agin eastern portion; to morrow fair; westerly winds becoming light and variable. that the new license law would return becoming light and variable.

For western Pennsylvania, fair to-day with colder in southern portion; to-morrow fair, with slowly rising temperature; moderate westerly winds becoming light and variable.

that the new license law would return of approximately \$100,000, but it is now apparent that the receipts will be at least \$125,000.

No man who cares for distinctive dress can afford to overlook the wealth of model and pattern in our ready-for-service

Overcoats for Men

at \$15 to \$65

The sense of discrimination does not always come with education-but of cultured refinement it is the ground work.

Perhaps not every man can look at an overcoat and tell just why it is distinctive-but there are few such men.

One glance at any of the many models created by our designers for this season will serve to illustrate our interpretation of the "difference" in overcoats.

Broad-shouldered effects are the predominant note-wide, ample box backs or very slightly form-tracing effects. The colorings are numer-Fous-including many gradations of tans, grays, browns or oxfords in wide assortment of mixtures, stripes, herringbones and plain colorings.

Broadway Saks & Company 34th Street

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Wedding Gifts a Specialty

\$5,000 purchase of Manufacturer's Samples of the newest China Novelties, purchased by us at 50 cts. ON THE DOLLAR, are now on special Christmas sale at an ONE-HALF REAL VALUE.

Everything in China that is most attractive and suitable for Christmas giving is represented. For convenience of selection these unique articles are displayed on our special one price tables, affording wide choice at 25c., at 50c., at 75c., at \$1.00, at \$1.50, at \$3.00 and at \$5.00. Bon Bon Dishes, Candle Sticks, Toilet Trays and Nov-

elties, Table Specialties, Steins, Vases, Jars, Bowls, Coffee and Tea Pots, etc., etc. As a gift suggestion a typical example of the sale is this unique China Chocolate Jug, regularly priced \$3.75, now on the table at \$2.00



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AN ATTRACTIVE OFFERING OF HIGH GRADE, Bedding and Linens

CALIFORNIA BLANKETS, fine white wool, Single bed size, Double bed, 7.25 pair 9.00 pair Extra large size, 9.00 pair 10.75 pair

BED SPREADS, Satin finished, each, 2.65, 3.25, 5.00, 6.50 SILK TOP COMFORTABLES, full size, each, FINE SILK COMFORTABLES, Wool filled, each,

10.00, 13.50 HEMSTITCHED LINEN SHEETS. Single bed, pair, 6.50, 8.50 B.50, 11.00

1.50, 2.00, 2.50 PILLOW CASES, pair, TOWELS, fine Huck Hemstitched, Damask, borders, doz. TOWELS, Extra Heavy Dew Bleached, colored borders, doz. 6.00

For Holiday Gifts SPECIAL SELECTIONS OF DECORATIVE LINENS, LEATHER GOODS, PARASOLS, UMBRELLAS, HANDKERCHIEFS, MEN'S FURNISHINGS, GLOVES, NECKWEAR, FURS, ORIENTAL RUGS, ETC.

Broadway C. 19th Street.

TOWNSEND FOR THE SENATE. Michigan Congressman to Try for Bur-

rows's Place, Not for Cannon's. Jackson, Mich., Dec. 1.—"I am a can-didate for United States Senator and expect to enter the primaries in 1910," said Congressman Townsend to-day.

Mr. Townsend denied that he was a mr. Townsend denied that he was a candidate for the speakership of the House of Representatives. "I am in favor of a revision of the rules and shall do everything to accomplish that end," he said. Senator Burrows's term expires two years from March 4 next.



## Coward Shoe

What's in a Name? We will tell you:-

The COWARD name on a shoe or last guarantees quality, comfort, wear, satisfaction and value Shoe dealers attempting to trade on the COWARD name are

defrauding the public, and will be summoned to Court as quickly as the Law can act The Public will please note that the COWARD SHOB

is sold only from our one retail store, as below:-

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